# February 2014 MPT



MPT-1: *In re Rowan* 

112 Charles St. Franklin City, Franklin 33797

TO: Examinee
FROM: Jamie Quarles
DATE: February 25, 2014

**RE:** *Matter of William Rowan* 

We represent William Rowan, a British citizen, who has lived in this country as a conditional permanent resident because of his marriage to Sarah Cole, a U.S. citizen. Mr. Rowan now seeks to remove the condition on his lawful permanent residency.

Normally, a married couple would apply together to remove the conditional status, before the end of the two years of the noncitizen's conditional residency. However, ten months ago, in April 2013, Ms. Cole and Mr. Rowan separated, and they eventually divorced. Ms. Cole actively opposes Mr. Rowan's continued residency in this country.

However, Ms. Cole's opposition does not end Mr. Rowan's chances. As the attached legal sources indicate, he can still file Form I-751 Petition to Remove Conditions on Residence, but in the petition he must ask for a waiver of the requirement that he file the petition jointly with his wife.

Acting pro se, Rowan timely filed such a Form I-751 petition. The immigration officer conducted an interview with him. Ms. Cole provided the officer with a sworn affidavit stating her belief that Rowan married her solely to obtain residency. The officer denied Rowan's petition.

Rowan then sought our representation to appeal the denial of his petition. We now have a hearing scheduled in Immigration Court to review the validity of that denial. Before the hearing, we will submit to the court the information described in the attached investigator's memo, which was not presented to the immigration officer. We do not expect Cole to testify, because she has moved out of state.

Please draft our brief to the Immigration Judge. The brief will need to argue that Mr. Rowan married Ms. Cole in good faith. Specifically, it should argue that the immigration officer's decision was not supported by substantial evidence in the record before him and that the totality of the evidence supports granting Rowan's petition.

I have attached our guidelines for drafting briefs. Draft only the legal argument portion of the brief; I will draft the caption and statement of facts.

3

112 Charles St. Franklin City, Franklin 33797

TO: Attorneys
FROM: Jamie Quarles
DATE: March 29, 2011

**RE:** Format for Persuasive Briefs

These guidelines apply to persuasive briefs filed in trial courts and administrative proceedings.

## I. Caption

[omitted]

#### II. Statement of Facts (if applicable)

[omitted]

#### III. Legal Argument

Your legal argument should be brief and to the point. Assume that the judge will have little time to read and absorb your argument. Make your points clearly and succinctly, citing relevant authority for each legal proposition. Keep in mind that courts are not persuaded by exaggerated, unsupported arguments.

Use headings to separate the sections of your argument. In your headings, do not state abstract conclusions, but integrate factual detail into legal propositions to make them more persuasive. An ineffective heading states only: "The petitioner's request for asylum should be granted." An effective heading states: "The petitioner has shown a well-founded fear of persecution by reason of gender if removed to her home country."

Do not restate the facts as a whole at the beginning of your legal argument. Instead, integrate the facts into your legal argument in a way that makes the strongest case for our client. The body of your argument should analyze applicable legal authority and persuasively argue how both the facts and the law support our client's position. Supporting authority should be emphasized, but contrary authority should also be cited, addressed in the argument, and explained or distinguished.

Finally, anticipate and accommodate any weaknesses in your case in the body of your argument. If possible, structure your argument in such a way as to highlight your argument's strengths and minimize its weaknesses. If necessary, make concessions, but only on points that do not concede essential elements of your claim or defense.

4

112 Charles St. Franklin City, Franklin 33797

**TO:** File

**FROM:** Jamie Quarles

**DATE:** November 25, 2013

**RE:** Interview with William Rowan

I met with William Rowan today. Rowan is a British citizen and moved to the United States and to Franklin about two and a half years ago, having just married Sarah Cole. They separated in April 2013; their divorce became final about 10 days ago. In late April, after the separation, Rowan, acting pro se, petitioned to retain his permanent residency status. After that petition was denied by the immigration officer, Rowan called our office.

Rowan met Cole in Britain a little over three years ago. He had been working toward a graduate degree in library science for several years. He had begun looking for professional positions and had come to the realization that he would have better job opportunities in the United States. He had two siblings already living in the United States.

He met Cole when she was doing graduate work in cultural anthropology at the university where he was finishing his own academic training as a librarian. He says that it was love at first sight for him. He asked her out, but she refused several times before she agreed. After several weeks of courtship, he said that he felt that she shared his feelings. They moved in together about four weeks after their first meeting and lived together for the balance of her time in Britain.

Soon after they moved in together, Rowan proposed marriage to Cole. She agreed, and they married on December 27, 2010, in London, England. Cole subsequently suggested that they move to the United States together, to which he readily agreed. In fact, without telling Cole, Rowan had contacted the university library in Franklin City, just to see if there were job opportunities. That contact produced a promising lead, but no offer. He and Cole moved to Franklin City at the end of her fellowship in May of 2011.

Rowan soon obtained a job with the Franklin State University library. He and Cole jointly leased an apartment and shared living expenses. At one point, they moved into a larger space, signing a two-year lease. When Cole needed to purchase a new car, Rowan (who at that point had the more stable salary) co-signed the loan documents. Both had health insurance through the

university, and each had the other named as the next of kin. They filed two joint tax returns (for 2011 and 2012), but they divorced before they could file another.

Their social life was limited; if they socialized at all, it was with his friends. Rowan consistently introduced Cole as his wife to his friends, and he was referred to by them as "that old married man." As far as Rowan could tell, Cole's colleagues at work did not appear to know that Cole was even married.

Cole's academic discipline required routine absences for field work, conferences, and colloquia. Rowan resented these absences and rarely contacted Cole when she was gone. He estimates that, out of the approximately two and a half years of cohabitation during the marriage, they lived apart for an aggregate total of seven months.

In March of 2013, Cole announced that she had received an offer for a prestigious assistant professorship at Olympia State University. She told Rowan that she intended to take the job and wanted him to move with her, unless he could give her a good reason to stay. She also had an offer from Franklin State University, but she told him that the department was not as prestigious as the Olympia department. He made as strong a case as he could that she should stay, arguing that he could not find another job in Olympia comparable to the one that he had in Franklin.

Cole chose to take the job in Olympia, and she moved there less than a month later. Rowan realized that he would always be following her, and that she would not listen to his concerns or needs. He told her that he would not move. She was furious. She told him that in that case, she would file for a divorce. She also told him that she would fight his effort to stay in the United States. Their divorce was finalized on November 15, 2013, in Franklin.

Rowan worries that without Cole's support, he will not be able to keep his job in Franklin or stay in the United States. He does not want to return to the United Kingdom and wants to maintain permanent residency here.

# In re Form I-751, Petition of William Rowan to Remove Conditions on Residence Affidavit of Sarah Cole

Upon first being duly sworn, I, Sarah Cole, residing in the County of Titan, Olympia, do say:

- 1. I am submitting this affidavit in opposition to William Rowan's Form I-751 Petition to Remove Conditions on Residence.
- 2. I am a United States citizen. I married William Rowan in London, England, on December 27, 2010. This was the first marriage for each of us. We met while I was on a fellowship in that city. He was finishing up his own graduate studies. He told me that he had been actively looking for a position in the United States for several years. He pursued me and after about four weeks convinced me to move in with him. Shortly after this, William proposed marriage and I accepted.
- 3. We decided that we would move to the United States. I now believe that he never seriously considered the option of remaining in Britain. I later learned that William had made contacts with the university library in Franklin City, Franklin, long before he proposed.
- 4. Before entering the United States in May 2011, we obtained the necessary approvals for William to enter the country as a conditional resident. We moved to Franklin City so that I could resume my studies.
- 5. During our marriage, William expressed little interest in my work but expressed great dissatisfaction with the hours that I was working and the time that I spent traveling. My graduate work had brought me great success, including the chance at an assistant professorship at Olympia State University, whose cultural anthropology department is nationally ranked. But William resisted any idea of moving and complained about the effect a move would have on our marriage and his career.
- 6. Eventually, I took the job in Olympia and moved in April 2013. While I knew that William did not like the move, I had asked him to look into library positions in Olympia, and he had done so. I fully expected him to follow me within a few months. I was shocked and angered when, instead, he called me on April 23, 2013, and informed me that he would stay in Franklin.
- 7. I filed for divorce, which is uncontested. It is my belief that William does not really care about the divorce. I believe now that he saw our marriage primarily as a means to get U.S.

residency. I do think that his affection for me was real. But his job planning, his choice of friends, and his resistance to my career goals indicate a lack of commitment to our relationship. In addition, he has carefully evaded any long-term commitments, including children, property ownership, and similar obligations.

Signed and sworn this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of July, 2013.

Sarah Cole

Signed before me this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of July, 2013.

Jane Mirren

Notary Public, State of Olympia

112 Charles St. Franklin City, Franklin 33797

**TO:** File

**FROM:** Victor Lamm, investigator

**DATE:** February 20, 2014

**RE:** Preparation for Rowan Form I-751 Petition

This memorandum summarizes the results of my investigation, witness preparation, and document acquisition in advance of the immigration hearing for William Rowan.

#### Witnesses:

— George Miller: friend and coworker of William Rowan. Has spent time with Rowan and Cole as a couple (over 20 social occasions) and has visited their two primary residences and has observed them together. Will testify that they self-identified as husband and wife and that he has heard them discussing leasing of residential property, purchasing cars, borrowing money for car purchase, and buying real estate, all together and as part of the marriage.

— Anna Sperling: friend and coworker of William Rowan. Has spent time with both Rowan and Cole, both together and separately. Will testify to statements by Cole that she (Cole) felt gratitude toward Rowan for moving to the United States without a job, and that Cole was convinced that Rowan "did it for love."

#### **Documents** (Rowan to authenticate):

- Lease on house at 11245 Old Sachem Road, Franklin City, Franklin, with a two-year term running until January 31, 2014. Signed by both Cole and Rowan.
- Promissory note for \$20,000 initially, designating Cole as debtor and Rowan as cosigner, in connection with a new car purchase.
- Printouts of joint bank account in name of Rowan and Cole, February 1, 2012, through May 31, 2013.
  - Joint income tax returns for 2011 and 2012.
  - Certified copy of the judgment of divorce.